Household Cost Indexes: Prototype Methods and Results

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CPI Family of Indexes

Official Indexes



HCI overview

- As costs change over time, the HCIs measure the average change in cash outflows required for households to access goods and services.
- Two key elements:
 - " Household-weighted aggregation ("democratic")
 - " Payments approach: focus on explicit outlays
- See <u>BLS Working Paper 604</u> "Household Cost Indexes: Prototype Methods and Results"



Motivation

- Interest in a household-based complement to more "macro"focused CPI
- Similar products in other countries
 - " U.K. "Household Cost Indices"
 - " New Zealand "Household Living-Costs Price Indices"
 - " Australia "Selected Living Costs Indices"
- Facilitate interesting subpopulation comparisons, though this presentation focuses on all urban households



Methods: household-weighted aggregation

Goal is equal (in population sense) weight for each household

Create household-level expenditure shares

- " Consumer Expenditure Surveys (CE) Diary and Interview sample different households
- " Eligible expenditures from the Diary survey imputed to the Interview sample using a matching procedure based on Hobijn, et. al. (2009)
- Aggregate across items/areas first for each household using Lowe formula with lagged expenditure weights
- Then average indexes <u>equally</u> across households



Methods: Owner-occupied housing

| Payments Approach (HCI) | Rental Equivalence (CPI) |
|--|---|
| Intended to reflect actual homeownership expenses Includes property taxes, mortgage interest, full value of regular maintenance, etc. Usually excludes mortgage principal, major renovations | Intended to capture implicit consumption of housing services Rent as a proxy (OER) Excludes investment For some groups, may differ substantially from actual spending (e.g., owners w/o mortgages) |

Future research: apply to other durable goods (automobiles)



Methods: payments approach overview

Mortgage interest costs

- " Product of a debt index (based on FHFA house prices) and an interest rate index (based on 30-year fixed data from Freddie Mac PMMS)
- "Rolling average based on loan-age and debt-age weights from CE

Property taxes

- " Target average payments over time for a fixed dwelling stock
- " Use CE data to get implicit tax rate (aggregate tax payments / aggregate value) multiplied by constant quality house price index from FHFA



Results



HCI-U and CPI-U index levels



December 2020 relative importance

3.8% 6.8% 20.2% 6.6% 11.1% 9.2% 4.7% 14.2% 4.3% 3.1% 16.0%

HCI-U (2019 weights)

Food & Bev.
Housing: Mortgage
Medical
Recreation



HCI-U housing component detail



Limitations

Household-weighted aggregation

- " No lower-level heterogeneity in weights or prices
- " Infrequent purchases (challenge with high frequency weights like C-CPI-U)
- " Worth the effort given small impact?



Limitations (2)

Payments approach

- " Timeliness of property tax data
- " Investigate a microdata approach to mortgage interest index
- " Investigate including mortgage principal



Potential HCI uses

Indicator of household inflation experiences based on outlays

" Is this enough?

Escalator for pensions, wages, etc.?

" Pro: payments are more reflective of household budget

 Astin, J., & Leyland, J. (2023). Measuring Inflation as Households See It: Next Steps for the Household Costs Indices. Royal Statistical Society. Retrieved from https://rss.org.uk/RSS/media/Filelibrary/Policy/2023/Measuring_inflation_as_households_see_it_January_2023.pdf?ext=.pdf

" Con: payments do not equal consumption

 National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine (Eds. Sichel, D. and Mackie, C.). (2022). Modernizing the Consumer Price Index for the 21st Century. Washington, DC: The National Academies Press. doi:https://doi.org/10.17226/26485/



Next steps

- Seeking feedback from experts and stakeholders on
 - " Basic concept
 - " Methods
 - " Use
- Investigating lower-level heterogeneity



Thank you!

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