Measuring Sex and Gender Identity in Department of Education Information Collections



JB Simpson, Deputy Chief Data Officer U.S. Department of Education This presentation is intended to promote ideas.

The views expressed are part of ongoing deliberations and do not necessarily reflect the position of the U.S. Department of Education.

Overview

- 1. Scope and Background
- 2. ED Information Collections
- 3. Working Group Formation, Process, Inputs, and Results
- 4. Looking Ahead



Scope and Background

- The U.S. Department of Education (ED) has over 50 information collections that ask questions about sex or gender.
- Some of these information collections are surveys conducted by the National Center for Education Statistics. However, the majority of the collections are administrative forms, which will be the focus of this presentation.
- Until recently, most forms had the binary response options of male or female. As ED has received input from the public, changes have been made to some of these information collection instruments.
- Identifying a need to coordinate among different offices, the Department's Data Governance Board initiated the formation of a working group to evaluate ED's information collections and make recommendations.



ED Information Collection: FAFSA

- The FAFSA Simplification Act passed in 2021 required that ED add additional demographic questions to the FAFSA.
- The 2023-2024 FAFSA that launched on October 1, 2022 now has these questions at the end of the form.
- Changes may be made to the questions for the 2024-2025 FAFSA.
- The data is being stored in a separate system and will not be shared with schools.

| 2023–24 Fafsa® F | | යා FAFSA Home | Help 😨 Save FAFSA Form | ∷ Review FAFSA Form | C ⁴ Reset FAFSA Form | C→ Exit FAFSA Form |
|----------------------|---|---|---------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|
| Student Demographics | School Selection | V Dependency Status | 4 Parent Demographics | 5 Parent Financials | Student Financials | 7 Sign & Submit |
| | sign and submin Before you student. | r sign and submit, p | lease answer a fe | w questions about | : the | |
| | Yo | nese questions don't affe ur answers to questions adent aid and will not be | in this survey will not a | | federal | |
| | What is your g | ender? | | | | |
| | 🔿 Male | | | | | |
| | ⊖ Female | | | | | |
| | ○ Nonbinary | | | | | |
| | O Decline to a | answer | | | | |
| | Are you transg | ender? | | | | |
| | ⊖ Yes | | | | | |
| | ○ No | | | | | |
| | 🔿 Decline to a | answer | | | | |

Federal Student Aid



ED Information Collection: CRDC

- The Civil Rights Data Collection (CRDC) for 2021-22 plans to update the question on sex.
- The question will be revised from male and female to include a third category of nonbinary.
- During the public comment period for the proposed change, ED received 152 comments on this topic, with 136 of them expressing support.

CIVIL RIGHTS Data Collection



CRDC Website



Working Group Formation

A working group focused on how ED measures sex and gender in information collections was initiated by ED's Data Governance Board and formed with representation from each office.

Purpose

 Discuss the potential of a consistent approach while carefully considering inclusivity, privacy, utility, clarity, and interoperability

Intended Outcomes

- A shared understanding of terms, goals, and the current state of the ED's information collections
- The identification of the pros and cons, as well as expected costs and benefits, of potential changes
- The development of guidelines that could would be broadly applicable

Working Group Process

Convened subject matter experts and interested parties Inventoried all information collections with questions on sex or gender Reviewed terminology, research, public comments, drivers, and recent changes (e.g. FAFSA and CRDC)

Drafted guidelines



Working Group Inputs

In addition to public comments and our own internal subject matter experts, the following were important inputs for the working group:

- FCSM Measuring SOGI Research Group 1.
- State Department Research on X Gender Marker 2. Definitions
- National Academies report on Measuring Sex, 3. Gender Identity, and Sexual Orientation

| - Home About FCSM Resources Events and Proceedines Groups Overview | | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| Home About FCSM Res | ources Events and Proceedings Gro | sups Overview | | | |
| Measuring Sex Group | The Measuring Sexual Orientation and | Gender Identity Research | | | |
| Interest Groups - | explores the best practices of the mea Federal information collections. The G | Application Form | | | |
| Innovating Data Collection Interest Group | individuals interested in statistical me interact, exchange information, and e | Collaborating Center for Question Design and Evaluation Reservational Center for Health Statistics | | | |
| Confidentiality and Data Access Committee (CDAC) | Please contact the group chair(s) if you participating. | Stephanie Willson, Ph.D. Kristen Miller, Ph.D. ¹ | | | |
| Computational Statistics and the Production of Official | Contact: Jennifer Ortman (U.S. Cer or Karen Parker (NIH), Klparker@π | Executive Summary | | | |
| Statistics (CSPOS) Interest Group | Why Do Federal Agencies Ask Abox (SOGI on Surveys? 2021) Some fe characteristics and well-being of s populations. Inclusion of question identity (GI) on federal surveys all populations relative to the general economic, housing, health, and ot potential resources and interventi Further, the data meter critical ne | The U.S. Department of State is updaing passport forms DS-11, DS-82, as support all passport holders by adding an X gender marker. Several count passports, and 21 states and the District of Columbia currently offer the cat licenses and built certificates. However, varying definitions of the X mark not known how the marker is interpreted and unliked by the general populi with The U.S. Department of State, the Collaborating Center for Questions | | | |
| Geospatial Interest Group (GIG) | | | | | |
| Measuring Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity (SOGI) Research Group | | Evaluation Research (CCQDER) at the National Center for Health Statistic cognitive interviewing study to assess how potential passport applicants wi versions of the definition as well as how various options would inform resp A total of 100 one-on-one cognitive interviews were conducted (both in pe | | | |
| Subcommittees + | population groups. This FCSM brie from federal surveys and federal e | At total to 100 one-one-direction of gains in their views twee consistence (continuing the Zooman meeting their Zooman meeting meeting of the Zooman meeting meeting of the Zooman meeting meeting of the Zooman meeting of | | | |
| | | For both rounds of interviews, the purpose and context of the application as driver for respondents' interpretations, concerns and, ultimately, their pref- definition. Specifically, the possport would server as a legal document to id financistic us as visal to be publicly presented a intu diplotes as anyorit sec- tion of the second second second second second second second enclassivity, mix-axis, visal, and a second second second second second of the options, particularly those with limited definitions. On the o concerned with implications of personal safety preferred the limited descrip- | | | |
| | | ¹ For questions related to this report, contact Kristen Miller, Ph.D. at <u>ksmiller@Rcd.gov</u> , i Evaluation for Surveys (cdc.gov) and <u>CCQDER - Collaborative Center for Duestionnaire Dr</u> Research Homepage (cdc.gov). | | | |
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Working Group Results

The group is reviewing and revising draft guidelines that summarize what we have learned and our areas of agreement. For example:

- Questions about sex and gender should only be asked if legally required or if there are clear plans to use the data.
- Sex and gender identity are not interchangeable terms. Sex is biological and is assigned at birth.
 Gender identity is how a person identifies themselves. Questions should be clear about whether they are asking about sex or gender identity.
- Questions about gender identity should not be binary. Questions about gender identity should have at least one third option such as "another gender identity" or "nonbinary." Being *nonbinary* means identifying as a gender other than exclusively male or female.
- ✓ It should be clear to respondents how the data on gender identity will be used and protected.



Looking Ahead



- Potential approval and implementation of internal guidelines
- Public comment process
- Testing
- Interagency Working Group on SOGI Data required by Executive Order 14075



Thank You



U.S. Department of Education